

The Feast of Trumpets

The Holy Feast Days

Spring	Summer	Fall
1. Passover	4. Pentecost	5. Trumpets
2. Unleavened Bread		6. Day of Atonement
3. Firstfruits		7. Tabernacles (Sukhot)

The Appointments with God

1. The Holy Days were given to us by God as _____ between Himself and His _____.
2. The holy days look _____ and _____.
3. These are the “_____ feasts” and so should be celebrated by _____ people who belong to Him.

Lev. 23:2 “Speak to the Israelites and say to them: ‘These are my appointed feasts, the appointed feasts of the LORD, which you are to proclaim as sacred assemblies.’”

The Three Harvests

1. The Feast of Firstfruits celebrated the “_____ harvest.”
2. The Feast of _____ celebrated the “summer harvest.”
3. The Feast of Trumpets celebrated the “_____ harvest.”

Matt. 13:38 The field is the world, and the good seed stands for the sons of the kingdom. The weeds are the sons of the evil one, 39 and the enemy who sows them is the devil. The harvest is the end of the age, and the harvesters are angels.

The Feast of Trumpets

- It is the only feast with _____.
- It is celebrated on _____ days – and no one _____ why!
Matt. 24:36 “No one knows about that day or hour, not even the angels in heaven, nor the Son, but only the Father.”
- Is celebrated the first day of the _____ month (Tishri) – It begins this Thursday, September 16th.
- The day is celebrated with the “_____” or ram’s horn.

The importance of the Shofar to Israel:

Gen. 22:13 Abraham looked up and there in a thicket he saw a ram caught by its horns. He went over and took the ram and sacrificed it as a burnt offering instead of his son.

Ex. 19:19 and the sound of the trumpet grew louder and louder. Then Moses spoke and the voice of God answered him.

- On Feast of Trumpets three “notes” are played on the shofar.
 - A short note – _____ – a reminder of God’s sovereignty.
 - A long note – _____ – a reminder of _____.
 - A trill note – _____ – a reminder of the shofar.

In Old and New Testament Times . . .

- A trumpet _____ began the celebration. Those who were religious would _____ the fields or homes and go to the temple for worship.
- Each person _____ himself/herself to see if they were (1) completely righteous, (2) completely wicked or (3) somewhere in-between. They then spent the next ten days seeking to draw close to the Lord and be righteous before the Day of Atonement arrived. It was a period of _____.

Jewish People Today . . .

- Celebrate much the same way. Although it is a celebration it is not a time of _____ but of soul-searching and _____.
- Those who have _____ in the past year are remembered and prayers are said with a feeling of “_____.”
- There are _____ three trumpet blasts which remind the people of sovereignty (kingship); remembrance and the sound of the _____.

How Should Christians Remember the Feast of Trumpets?

- It would be a good time for us to remember the _____ of God and be _____.
- It may be a time for a “_____ - _____” – how have we done this year and how could we do better. Maybe a wake-up call!
- It would be good to remember that Jesus has _____ the first four feast days and will possibly _____ fulfill the last three. If He does, this Feast is the _____ on His calendar.

1Cor. 15:52 in a flash, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet. For the trumpet will sound, the dead will be raised imperishable, and we will be changed.

1Th. 4:16 For the Lord himself will come down from heaven, with a loud command, with the voice of the archangel and with the trumpet call of God, and the dead in Christ will rise first.

Rev. 4:1 After this I looked, and there before me was a door standing open in heaven. And the voice I had first heard speaking to me like a trumpet said, “Come up here, and I will show you what must take place after this.”